party and to pledge our loyalty to its candidates

and William McKinley—
Here the speaker was interrupted by an outburst of cheering that shook the walls and almost drowned out the ruffle of drums by the corps. As the cheering was dying down ex-Mayor Strong entered and the audience got breath enough to give an additional cheer for him.——and Theodore Roosevelt." continued the speaker, and then had to stop again while the people yelled.

Three cheers for the Rough Rider." shouted an enthusiast, and again the hall rang. When he got a chance to go on President Low said:

Back of them are men whom Republicans delight to honor, and whose lead Republicans delight to follow. Each is in his own way typically American. Together they typify Republican achievements, promises and aspirations. Three years ago when President McKinley assumed office Spanish tyranny was becoming unbearable. As long as peace seemed possible President McKinley devoted himself to preserving peace and when war was inevitable he devoted his energies to the conduct of that war with brilliant success. The resultant conditions were unexpected and surprising. To rescue Cuba was the object of the war, an object triumphantly achieved. Porto Rico and the Philippines were loosed from Spanish bonds. We have relieved them from association with a dying nation and given them association with a young and vigorous nation. The new questions thus arising the Republican party faces with courage and confidence in the American people. The Republican party may well be trusted to deal with these questions, Applause.] It believes in the right-cousness of the cause. It believes that President McKinley (applause) has met the new conditions with a patriotism and courage worthy be supported. (Applause.)

THE CONSTITUTION FOLLOWS THE FLAO.

"In the early days of the Civil War many said that the secession could not be put down by force because the Constitution made no provision for such a contingency. President Lincoln made short work of this difficulty [great applause] by saying that a Constitution that did not render vital its own provisions is worthless paper. So, to-day, we say that the Constitution follows the fing. We say that when men like William McKinley [applause] and Theodore Roosevelt [cheers] are our leaders we may follow with every confidence [cheers], when our opponents say that the fing cannot extend the Constitution across the seas, we promptly take issue with that shibboleth. It is natural that the Democratic party should take this stand, as it has always been years behind the times. A Congressman recently put the matter capitally by saying that when the Republican party found a mouse in its path, it dealt with that mouse when it found an elephant in its path it dealt with the elephant; but when the Democratic party found these animals in its path it said: These are not giraffes; the Constitution provides only for giraffes. We can do nothing. [Applause] and laughter.] William McKinley is not the man to be frightened by any such phantom, nor is Theodore Rooseveit. [Applause.]

"I wish our Governor could be Vice-President at the same time [applause], or rather. I am sorry he has to leave this State. But we will support him—we of New York State—as well for Vice-President as we would for Governor, since as loyal Republicans we have had to give him up to the nation, and I hope the Republicans of this State will show their appreciation of his services as Governor by nominating for the Governorship a man who will carry on his noble and honest work." [Applause.]

"I notice that Mr. Croker says that impe-THE CONSTITUTION FOLLOWS THE FLAG. HOW ABOUT "ICE"?

campaign."
"How about the ice?" shouted a man, and "How about the ice?" shouted a man, and there was a great burst of laughter.

"Mr. Croker's political position," continued Mr. Low. "would make any such remark interesting, but as a matter of fact nobody is better qualified by experience to speak on both topics, [laughter.] He has given us the finest kind of example of imperialism in his management of this city from his island throne. [Laughter and applause.] It used to be said that public office is a public trust, but now it is changed to the saying that public office is a (n) lee trust [laughter]—nice for those that use their political position to make money out of it. [Laughter.]

political position to make money out of it. [Laughter]

"Prosperity has returned with the coming of the Republican party into power I have heard a pessimist defined as a man who of two evils chooses both. I can imagine a nation of pessimists voting to change a policy of confidence to a policy of vacillating and uncertain danger; but I cannot imagine the American nation doing anything of the sort. So long as the question, 'What is a dollar?' existed, the very basis of business was insecure. The Republican party has laid that question to rest. (Applause). But I am not going to discuss at length the principles of the campaign. We are fortunate in having tonight a Senator from each of the States represented on the national ticket."

"Whenever anything in the line of welcoming is going on." said President Low. "the junior Senator from New York always gets his share. I am glad he got here in time to share in this welcome. It is proper that the distinguished Senator from Ohio, the mother of our Presidential candidate, should be first to speak. We of New York have an interest in him too, as he is a graduate of Cornell University. It is my pleasure to introduce Senator Foraker." There was great cheering from both the sudience and those on the platform as the Junior Senator from Ohio came forward.

"Foraker, Foraker, Foraker!" shouted the platform and the audience responded with cheer after cheer.

Throughout his speech, which was replete with the eloquence for which he is noted, Senator Foraker kept his hearers up to a high ten slop of e t ususam.

SENATOR FORAKER'S SPEECH.

"This," said Mr. Foraker, "is, I believe, called a ratification meeting. It is pretty well ratified already. You have at least given evidence that it is not necessary for me to waste time in assigning reasons why you should ratify; but inasmuch as I am here, and that is what is expected, let me say in the first place, the work of the Philadelphia Convention should be ratified not only by this meeting, but by Republicans all over the country, because of the character of the men chosen by that convention to lead them to victory. I am not going to waste much time talking to you about them. It is not necessary. I saw from the allusion Mr. Low made to our candidates that you are already pretty familiarly acquainted with him. There is M Kinley. [Applause]. It is not necessary for me to talk to you about him. He is familiarly known to all the people of this country; not only that, but he enjoys the respect and the confidence and the admiration of the whole world. [Applause.] "McKinley has been a long time in the public service. He commenced nearly forty years

ne enjoys the respect and the confidence and the admiration of the whole world. [Applause.] "McKinley has been a long time in the public service. He commenced nearly forty years ago, when in 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier dier. [Applause]. And, keeping step to the music of the Union, followed the flag to the front and there won an imperishable henor for himself. You next knew of him as a Representative in Cengress, standing in the forefront of that forum and there meeting in debate the ablest men of the Democratic party; a champion always for Republican doctrines and principles but especially the advocate and champion of that great American doctrines and principles but especially the advocate and champion of that great American dectrine of protection to American industries. [Great applause.] And now for the last four years he has been President and will be for the next four years to come. [Applause]. Fortunate, indeed, were we to have such a man when we assembled at Philadelphia to whom we could commit our standard to be carried in this contest; such a man was he, a man who has been tried in both peace and war, and who has met every responsibility and shown that he was more than equal to each emergency. [Applause.]

that he was more than equal to each emergency. [Applause.]
"And now as Mr. Low has well said, he has the right man on the ticket with him for the second place. [Applause.] A great many men were mentioned before and at the time of the Philadelphia Convention for the nomination for Vice-President. Many a good man and one representative of the Republican party and the prestige of our country, but there never was a minute from the time the convention met when it was not the determination of an overwhelming majority of that convention that, whether he wanted it or not, Theo dore Roosevelt should be their nominee. [Applause.]

WHAT ROOSEVELT IS LIKE.

"He is a representative in an especial sense of the young, aggressive and progressive men of the American nation. I have heard him likened to a good many things, admate and manimate, and since he was nominated if I have thought of him as anything it would be as a sort of locometive in trousers. He is not only full of fire and full of energy and full of industry, but he has another quality which the locometive has—he can rush as well as pull. We propose that he shall push in this campaign But, if I do not mistake the signs of the times, we will put him at the other end of the train and let him pull in 1904. [Applause.]

"Fellow clitzens, gratifying as it is to have such men for our candidates, we must yet remember that, after all, men are but the represe trives of ideas. [Applause.] And that McKinley and Rocewelt worthy in themselves for the high offices to which they have been named by the Republican Convention, are yet still more worthy because of that which they represent for America and American interests. He is a representative in an especial sens

can interests.

This matter of electing a President and Vice-

"I see by the remarks made and the responses given that you are pretty familiar with the facts here in New York that the trust part of the Democratic campaign has had a sort of a chill lately. (Loud applause and laughter, I want to talk to you a little bit about imperialism. We have had a great deal of talk about imperialism. We have had a great deal of talk about imperialism, until to-day I read in a paper only at the last hour the announcement from Washington that to-day William McKinley, President of the United States, has recalled Gen. Chaffee, one of our most distinguished soldiers, to command the American forces in China. It becomes necessary once in awhile to exercise authority, and when it does become necessary it has been found that the Constitution confers that authority upon the President of the United States, and it would be a slander on our Government, a slander on the men who framed our Constitution, to say that when a lot of barbarian Boxers set to work to murder American missionaries in China, there is no power in the American President to send troops to protect them from such outrages.

"We don't want China, nor we don't want any part of China, but we do want American citizens in China and everywhere throughout the world to be safe [applause], and with Mr. McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt at the head of the Union our citizens will be safe in China or anywhere else.

An omen Of Victory.

AN OMEN OF VICTORY.

"I have heard it said that New York State is to be the great battleground of this contest. In view of what I see here to-night, I am gratified to believe that and to say that if that is so, the battle has been already won. [Applause.] For with all the enthusiasm which I see on the side of the Republican party here to-night it is not possible that the American people mean to put in jeopardy the prosperity of this country or to put in jeopardy a policy which is so fraught with honor to us, and the opposite of which is so charged with dishonor and ignominy."

THE RESOLUTIONS.

When the applause with which Senator Foraker's closing prothecy was received had subsided Assemblyman S. S. Slater read the following resolutions which were adopted amid cheers:

Be it Resolved, That we, the Republicans of the county of New York, in mass meeting assembled, heartly indorse and ratify the firm platform of the publican principles which were adopted, and the nominations for the offices of President and Vice-President of these United States which were made by the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, Pa., on June 18 and 20, 1800; and publican National Convention at Philadelphia, Pa., on June 19 and 20, 1900; and Be it further Resolved. That the present administration of our national Government, which has produced abundant prosperity at home, and commanded respect for the flag and distinction for American citizenship abroad, not only conclusively testifies to the eminent statesmanship and high patriotism of President McKinley, but it commanded his renomination, and obtains our responsive support for his resterior.

tion, and obtains our response to the especial pleasure election.

Be it further Resolved. That with especial pleasure and pride we remarked the spontaneous verdict of the Republicans of our sister States naming as enadidate for the second highest office in the gift of the American people our public spirited fellow eitizen, the sturdy product of our best American influences, author, soldier and statesman, Gov. Theodore Roose-

Then Chairman Low introduced Senator Chauncey M. Depew. In doing so he said: "I shall not attempt to paint the filly or to glid refined gold." The Senator said in part: SENATOR DEPEW'S SPEECH.

"I have attended nearly every national convention since I was a voter," said Mr. Depew. "Each of them had the peculiarities which made it an expression of the dominant sentiment of the times. After each one of them there were heart burnings to be allayed and enmitted growing out of the hot contention of rival candidates to be pacified. Even where they were most unanimous there was either open revolt or hostile murmurs against the results. The Republican Convention at Philadelphia is the first where there was no dispute, no rivairy and no contest for either President or Vice-President. But, best of all, the result of this conference of the chosen representatives of the party from every State and Territory has been accepted with joyful acclaim all over the country. There is not a sign of dissatisfaction, not a murmur of dissent anywhere. It is my habit to gather opinions from the citizen whom I meet and who generally knows me, whether or not I do him. The cabman who drove me from the station said, 'You have given us a fine ticket.' The conductor on the elevated railroad said, 'A sure winner, Senator.' The railroad servents possible had come into their lives. The men of affairs in the city said, 'The convention has arrested distrust and restored confidence. With the reasonable certainty of the election of McKinley and Roosevelt we can enlarge our business, engage in new enterprises, construct new factories and mills, open new mines and furnaces and build more railroads with the certainty that the investment of our money and the opportunity for larger employment for labor will depend entirely upon our wisdom and business sagacity and not incur the perils of political disturbance.'

Looking to kansas city with fear.

"Every citizen who is prosperous in his farm, in his factory in his store, in his employment or in his workshop, is looking to Kansas City with fear. The utterances of the leader who is to control the deliberations of this body give no hope of better times for any man who has a profitable business or a good job. Even the most optimistic Democrat believes and privately says that the election of Col. Bryan would produce, at least for a time, possibly for two years, a suspension of new enterprises and a hand-to-mouth policy in the conduct of business which produces always failures, poor markets and weak purchasing power.

"To-morrow I sail for Europe on one of the great steamers of the American Line, the St. Paul. Her speed and magnificent performance on the ocean are the triumphs of the American shipbuilder. Innumerable times she and her companion ship have carried passengers and cargo safely across the great sea. If I should leave her in midocean with all her comforts, her luxuries and the certainty of her safety and of her delivering me on time and happy on the other side to take a raft for the purpose of paddling ashore on some unknown coast or to be picked up by some wanderer on the wave I should be furnishing an example for the voter who leaves the certainty of everything he cares for in this world for himself and his family by leaving McKinley and Roosevelt for Bryan and Towne and the rudderless unknown.

Speaking of the nation's new acquisitions in LOOKING TO KANSAS CITY WITH FEAR.

Speaking of the nation's new acquisitions in the Far East Senator Depew said: VALUE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

"'What is the use of the Philippines?' An immediate and unexpected use has developed within the last few days. That country is un-worthy of its position among nations which cannot and will not protect its citizens wherever worthy of its position among nations which cannot and will not protect its citizens wherever they are rightfully. Great Britain, Germany and France, Russia. Austria and Italy follow their people with the protecting power of their governments wherever they are. During the years when we had little or no navy our merchants who were in places where revolutions imperilled their lives were compelled to seek the protection of the Consuls of European governments. The guns of Dewey in Manila Bay were heard across Asia and Africa, they echoed through the Palace at Pekin and brought to the Oriental mind a new and potent force among Western nations. We, in common with the countries of Europe, are striving to enter the limitless markets of the East with the products of our skill and industry. Those peoples respect nothing but power."

The moral and political effect of our ability to join at once with the civilized nations in this work of rescue are inculculable. The American soldier and sailor arriving so speedily from our own territory is a demonstration which will advance our interests and procure for us a recognition which would be impossible otherwise in a half cantury of effort. The American representing America or engaged in trade which bonelits his country will have among barbarous and semi-barbarous people recognition, positionand influence beyond the dreams of diplomacy. I believe the Philippines with be enormous markets and sources of wealth to the United States, that their own people will be advanced in civilization and the benefits of self-government, but, be ond these consideral iors, which justify their retention, the

be advanced in civilization and the benefit of self-government, but, beyond these considera locs, which justify their retention, it sidera lors, which justify their retentior, the part that there able us to play upon the world's stage in this war of husanity, of the protection of the dearest rights of our people of the rescue of our kindred and the position of our country among the millions of Asia, compensate and justify their capture, the suppression of the rebellion within their borders, and the holding of them forever as territories of the United States."

In touching upon the subject of trusts the Senator had a little fun at the expense of Col. Bryan. He said:

BRYAN AND THE TRUSTS.

"Col. Bryan in his criticism of the Republican platform says that it strandles on the trust question. When the Colonel writes the trust platfor for the Democratic platform and presents it to the delegation at Kansas City he have a situation." This matter of electing a President and VicePresident is in no sense a personal matter,
turning on the character or quality of the man,
Men stand for something in American politics,
and I want to see McKinley and Roosevelt prevail in November next and so do you, not alone
because they are worthy in themselves to have
your support, but because they stand for the
continued trosperity of this country, for the
great spirit of Americanism which is abroad
in this country. [Applause.]

THE QUESTION ABOVE ALL OTHERS.

"There are a good many questions being
taiked about that have been referred to by Mr.
Low, such as the trust que tion; and we see
it rejeated almost every day in the newspapers
that Mr. Bryan hist it till that is to I and the
question of imperialism, as our Democratic
friends term it, and other questions are dominant, but the one great paramount question,
the advection above all others in importance,

Rough Riders. Continuing the Senator said: WHAT HE'LL DO AT WASHINGTON

Rough Riders. Continuing the Senator said:

"Now, what me'll Do AT Washington?

Well, Foraker and I and Platt, we are all friendly [applause] we get on a debate in the Senate, and Senator Pettigrew or Senator Allen proceeds to comment upon the iniquities of American armies, American successes, American progress, and to charge that Roosevelt is one of the leacers in this iniquitous crusade for the glory of the American flag.

"Whether we can keep him in the chair or not I do not know. [Applause.] I think the American people hop we cannot. That seemed to be the Western view; but underneath all this fighting spirit, underneath all this strenuous life, is an honest, faithful, thorough-going, courageous, public-spirited man.

"But in his new place he will fill the chair with great distinction, and he will bring to the aid of our great President that young mind representing the best element of American youth which will make the second Administration of William McKinley the star Administration so far as the glory of the American people is concerned, and the happiness of the American people and the sory of American history." [Great applause.] At the cive of Senator Depew's speech there were more cheers for the Republican nominees and cheers for the speakers of the evening and then the meeting adjourned.

CONGRESSMAN ALLEN RENOMINATED. Reed's Successor Says the Spirit of Our In-

stitutions Follows the Flag. PORTLAND, Me., June 26 .- The Hon. Amos L. Allen of Alfred, who was elected least fall to fill out Speaker Reed's unexpired term, was renominated to-day by acclamation. The convention was presided over by former Mayor Augustus F. Moulton of Deering, and the nominating speech was made by Mayor Edward C. Reynolds of South Portland. The platform indorses the platform of the Philadelphia Convention and pledges loyal support to McKinley and Roosevelt. The services of Congressman Allen are highly complimented.

In accepting a renomination Congressman Allen reviewed the action of Congress in passing the Dingley Tariff bill and the law fixing the gold standard, and said that this action was in fulfilment of Republican pledges made in 1896. He recalled Bryan's prophecy of what would happen to the country if free coinage of silver was not adopted, and declared that the prosperity now experienced is a sufficient refutation of Bryan's prediction. Mr. Allen challenged the Democratic party to reaffirm the Chicago platform. Referring to the complicating questions growing out of the war with Spain, he said:

he said:

"In regard to the Philippine Islands, we shall hold them and govern them so far as they cannot govern themselves, and they will govern themselves just so far as they safely can and show capacity to govern. We need not stop to argue and quibble whether the Constitution follows the flag, for the spirit of the Constitution, the spirit of our institutions and the spirit of our Christian civilization always follow the flag and always will."

APOLOGIZES TO OUIGG.

Both of Kohlsaat's Papers in Chicago Withdraw Charges of Corruption.

CHICAGO, June 28 .- Lemuel E. Quigg of New York yesterday filed suit for libel against the Times-Herald of this city basing his claim for damages upon an article published in the Times-Herald of Sunday last, in which he was charged with having received a fee of \$5,000 for changing the meaning of the interoceanic plank in the Republican platform adopted at Philadelphia ast week. The Times-Herald this morning

last week. The Times-Herald this morning made a most abject apology to Mr. Quigg for having made the charge and the Post, another of H. H. Kohisaat's publications, follows tonight. It says editorially:
"This rabid denunciation of Mr. Quigg by those whose fads and theoretical hobbies were omitted from the Republican platform formulated at Philadelphia has had a boomerang effect so far. Mr. Grosvenor calls Quigg a political driveller, but the evidence in the case shows that his part was exceedingly modest and thoroughly legitimate. In the matters of the substitution of the word 'Sicaraguan' in the canal plank it is now established that the alteration was made not by Mr. Quigg, but by Martin B. Madden. Mr. Quigg in voting for the Madden version did what every other member of the Resolutions Committee did, and from precisely the same motive—the desire to make the canal plank as sound and broad as possible."

BRYAN HARVESTS HIS WHEAT TO-DAY. will Help Run the Reaper - Refuses to Discuss Hill for Vice-President.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 26 .- Mr. Bryan to-day paid his first visit to his farm in a fortnight and found his wheat so nearly ripe that he ordered it cut to-morrow. He will go out to help run the reaper. His oats will claim his

He spent the rest of the day answering letters and receiving visitors. A great demand

ters and receiving visitors. A great demand has sprung up for the photographs of himself and his family. These requests are all turned over to his photographer. Mr. Bryan said to-day that he intended to sell his grain crop immediately after threshing, but jokingly added that he did not intend this as an attempt at bearing the market.

Mr. Bryan's interview last night meets with the cordial approval of Nebraska Democrats and they say they will oppose the nomination of any one for Vice-President who is not in full accord with Mr. Bryan and the platform. Mr. Bryan declined to add anything to-night to what he had said on the Vice-Presidential matter and would make no comment on the result of the canvass of the National Committeemen which favored David B. Hill as the candidate.

County Committee Swings Out a Banner. The Republican County Committee hoisted big campaign banner across Twenty-third street at Madison avenue yesterday. It bears the portraits of McKinley and Roosevelt and a picture of the Capitol at Washington.

The Consolidated Republican Organization of the Thirty-third district met last evening and adopted resolutions ratifying the ticket nominated at Philadelphia and piedging hearty support to it.

Named to Succeed Congressman Grout. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., June 26 -After bitter fight between four candidates the Second District Republican Convention to-day nominated Kittridge Haskins of Brattleboro for Congress to succeed Congressman Grout. The other contestants were Frenk Plumley of Northfield, Porter H. Dale of Island Pond and Wendall P. Stafford of St. Johnsbury.

German Republicans Organize. The German-Americans of the Fifteenth Congress district have organized a Republican campaign club and rented headquarters at 1997 Third avenue. Emil Labishiner is the President and Manhein Manser the Treasurer of the

organization.



"Comfortable clothing" is the cry when the city seems one vast

Sack cloth from Canada! Have you tried it? Keeps you cool on the principle of perfect

ventilation-full of holes. Cool grays and black; \$20.

Many men, many minds. Don't care what your negligee shirt mind is we can satisfy it. \$1 to \$8.

ROGERS, PEER & COMPANY. 258 Broadway, cor. Watren and 7 and 9 Watren St. 569 Broadway, cor. Prince. 1260 Broadway, cor. 32d. and 54 West 33d St.

FOR THE WINNING TICKET.

BROOKLYN REPUBLICANS CAMPAIGN WORK WITH A WILL. Lient .- Gov. Wondruff, Gen. Woodford and

Club - The Young Republican Club and Other Organizations Ratify the Ticket. The Union League Club of Brooklyn began ts work in the Republican campaign by a largely attended and enthusiastic ratification meeting at the clubhouse last evening. The national ticket of McKinley and Roosevelt was ratified, the Republican platform was heartily indorsed and Lieut.-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff was praised in flattering terms. Nearly an hour before the time set for the meeting the members of the club and their guests began to arrive at the clubhouse, passing in under the big electric letters which have spelled out the names of the Republican National candidates ever since the convention at Philadelphia adjourned.

President Hibbert B. Masters opened the meeting by bringing forth a campaign quartet which led the audience in singing "The Star Spangled Banner." Then Mr. Masters anounced the purpose of the meeting, and resolutions were read by Chairman Benjamin F. Blair of the Committee on Political Affairs, commending President McKinley's administration in the highest terms, and assuring Gov. Roosevelt that the club would work as heartily to send him to Washington as Vice President as it had to send him to Albany The resolutions also contained a tribute to Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff, as having now won a national reputation. Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff's. name was greeted with hearty cheers and the resolutions were adopted with a whoop. Mr. Woodruff, who is to sail on the St. Pa

to-day to remain abroad three weeks, was sitting on the platform. As he rose to speak he was greeted with more cheers. He said part: "The unparalleled unanimity and spor taneous enthusiasm exhibited in the nominations of our standard-bearers is a guarantee that the people will elect our candidates, and

thus vigorously uphold the present Administration in the important international relations where America is bound to lead the way When we consider the splendid administration of war and peace our country has enjoyed during the past three years, under the directing mind and guiding hand of William McKinley, and the martial heroism and civic courage displayed during the same period by Theodore Roosevelt, it would seem to be no exaggeration to say that the Republican national ticket of 1900 is the strongest presented during our generation by either party for the suffrage of the electors of the United States."

Mr. Woodruff was followed by the Hon Stewart L. Woodford, who soon had his audience applauding and cheering as he recounted the work of the Republican party in the past and the reasons why it should continue in power The people, he said, had slept only twice in forty years. Their last sleep, the second Cleve land administration, was a nightmare which land administration, was a hightmare which the country didn't want to have repeated. He said that the country would keep the faith pledged to Cuba and would keep our flag in the East and our conscience clear at the same time. John W. Vrooman followed Mr. Woodford. The flag which had been blown up with the Maine, he said, had come down everywhere. Roosevelt found part of it at Santiago. Miles a part in Porto Rico and Dewey a part in the Philippines. In all those places the flag must stay.

Philippines. In all those places the flag must stay.

"This country," said Mr. Vrooman, "is so great that we can survive a change in tariff or a possible difference in money standard, but we couldn't long survive as one of the great nations if we refused to take our place in the march of civilization and if we declined the call of divine Providence to assist in elevating and educating mankind. In this work we know where McKinley and Roosevelt stand."

A letter of regrets was read from Postmaster F. H. Wilson and former Mayor Scheiren of Brooklyn made a short speech. He said that he was sure the next administration would be Republican.

of Brooklyn made a short speech. He said that he was sure the next administration would be Republican.

The Young Republican Club of Brooklyn held a meeting last night and ratified the ticket nominated at Philadelphia. There was a large attendance and never before in the history of the organization did candidates receive a more enthusiastic indersement than was accorded to William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt. A set of resolutions, eulogizing the Administration and commending the public services of Gov. Roosevelt were adopted with cheers. Those who spoke were Frank Harvey Field, President of the club; former Mayor Charles A. Schieren, former District Attorney Hiram R. Steele and Col. Willis L. Ogden.

The Brooklyn Republican Club held a second ratification meeting last night and unfurled a fine McKinley and Roosevelt banner in front of its quarters at 146 Pierepontstreet.

The William J. Buttling Republican Club of the Fifth ward has ratified the ticket and organized a McKinley and Roosevelt campaign club with headquarters at 252 High street.

The Invincible Club, a stalwart Republican organization of the Twenty-third ward, went up the Hudson last night on the General Slocum on a moonlight excursion. A McKinley and Roosevelt ratification meeting was held on board the steamboat.

DID MISS GOULD HELP WELLESLEY? An Anonymous Donor Helps the College in

Time of Immediate Need. WELLESLEY, Mass., June 26. - President Hazard of Wellesley College gave the commencemen assemblage a surprise this afternoon when just previous to awarding the diplomas, she announced that she had an interesting statement to make with regard to the financial affairs of the institution. She said that the gift of \$100,000 by John D. Rockefeller, upon condition that the college debt be wiped out, was now available according to a report she had just received from the treasurer. The debt, she said, was \$109,000 and Wellesley's treasurer had on hand in cash and securities \$104,000. Some of this money, President Hazard said, came as an understanding that the denor's name should not be made public, and instantly the idea occurred to every one that Miss Helen Gould had presented the college with a large sum. Several months ago, the graduates went to work to raise the amount of indebtadness in order to make Mr. Rockefeller's gift available, but their efforts had not vielded half the amount required up to within a few days. All Wellesley is delighted with the financial situation and words of gratitude for Miss Gould are on every one's lips. affairs of the institution. She said that the

The Anti-Doodles.

Edwin Burritt Smith, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Anti-Imperialist League, and Charles M. Sturgis of Chicago, who is a anti-expansionist, called at the office of Edward M. Shepard at 111 Broadway yesterday morning and had a long conference with Mr. Shepard over the stand to be taken by the anti-imperialists in the coming campaign. At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Shepard told a reporter that it had been of the most informal character, and that the principal this discussed was the holding of a congress of anti-imperialists in some Western city early in August. "A conference and not a convention," Mr. Shepard said. "No one who takes tart in the conference or who piedges his support to the policy to be laid out by the anti-imperialists, is committed as to his political action." ing and had a long conference with Mr. Shep-

Claffin Company Assessment Stands. The application of the H. B. Claffin Company for a reduction of its personal property tax assessment for 1899, on a valuation of \$1,000,000, has been depied by Justice Fitzgerald of the Supreme Court. The company is capitalized under its incorporation in New Jersey at under its incorporation in New Jersey at \$0,00,000, but it contended that only \$290,000 of its capital is assessable here. When President John Claffin of the company was examined before the Tax Commissioners on his application to them to reduce the assessment, he refused to answer any questions as to weat rart of the capital was employed in New Jersey, stating, under the advice of conset, that such chestions were not relevant to the issue as to what property it has in this State Justics Fitzgerald says the questions were relevant and that under all the circumstances of the case the assessment should stand.

Charles Clayton Sent to Jail.

Charles Clayton, son of James Clayton, the manufacturer of i ir compressors, was sent yesterday to jail for twenty-nine days by Magis-trate Brenner of the Adams street court in Brokyn on a charge of drunken ess and dis-orderly conduct, he lives in the hotel St. George, and on Sunday light while de unk went around to his father's house at 82 Willow street and made a disturbance. A few weeks ago his father made an u successful effort to have him

Assembly Nominations. Broome County-Eastern district, James T. Rogers, Republican, renominated. Western district, John M. Swift, Republican, renominated. KENTUCKY DEMOCRATS AT ODDS.

Gen. Gentry's Dinner to Placate the Ant LEXINGTON, Ky., June 26.—Gen. W. H. Gen. try's attempt to get the leaders of the two facons of the Democratic party together here at John W. Vrooman at the Union League a social dinner, which he gave to-night at Gentry Place, was a failure. The only anti-Goebe man present was former State Senator Charles J Bronston, who was a rival of Senator Goebel prior to the convention which nominated Goebel for Governor. There is another party spit which has been inknown until to-night. Senator-elect J. C. S. Blackburn refused to attend. The reason is that he favors the nomination of Gen. Lewis for Governor instead of Gov. Beckham. Gov. Beckham is the only out-of-town man of note who responded to Gen. Gentry's flattering invitation and his loving-cup will not touch the lips of a single anti-Goebel man unless Mr. Bronston sips of its contents. It was Gen. Gentry's purpose to get all in line for Beckham. Bronston, who was a rival of Senator Goebe

Beckham.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 28—James B. McCreary of Madison county is a probable entry in the race for the Democratic nomination for Governor before the Lexington Convention, July 19 Ex. Gov. McCreary has written friends here saying that while he is not a candidate for the nomination that he is in a receptive mind and would not decline the honor were it offered him. McCreary is a prospective candidate for Senator to succeed Deboe, and his entry into the Gubernatorial race would greatly complicate the situation and will leave the field as follows: Gov. J. C. W. B. ckham, Ex. Judge Jesoph Lewis, W. B. Smith, Judge Jeseph D. Black.

The Republican committee will call off the convention and name John W. Yerkes as Republican candidate for Governor.

URGES TOWNE'S NOMINATION. Populist National Chairman Makes a Plea to

LINCOLN, Neb., June 26.-Acting Chairman Edmiston of the Populist National Committee sent out to-night to delegates to the Kan-as City Convention and to a number of leading Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans a etter urging them to see that Towne, the Populist candidate, is nominated by the Democrats for Vice-President. He insists that the nomination of Bryan and Towne means the addition nation of Bryan and Towne means the addition of the two million votes and that the Democrats cannot do without the support of the Populists and Silver Republicans.

In answer to the contention that Bryan's running mate must come from New York he says Towne can carry that State by his eloquence and logic. Towne is the one man who has the full confidence of all of the reform forces and ranks in ability with the Presidential nominee he says, and gives a number of reasons why good faith and the maintenance of good feeling demand his nomination.

BUTLER OPPOSES HILL.

Populist National Chairman Says His Nomination Would Cause Bryan's Defeat. RALEIGH, N. C., June 26.-Senator Marior Butler, the chairman of the Populist National

Committee, said to-day, speaking of the Kansas City Convention: "My advices are that Towne's name is growingall the while for the Vice-Presidential nomiingail the while for the Vice-Presidential nomination. If David Bennett Hill is nominated for Vice-President Bryan will be defeated, Hill's nomination would mean that the platform is a lie and it would be a compromise of principles. It will have to be Towne or some one who stands for the principles for which Towne stands. Whomever the Democrats nominate, Towne will stay on the ticket; that is the situation in a nutshell."

GEORGIA LEANS TOWARD HILL Gov. Candler Declares for the New York Man for the Vice-Presidency.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 26. -Gov. Allen D. Candler has expressed sentiments favoring the nomination of David B. Hill of New York for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket. declares that the Republicans have put declares that the Republicans have put up their strongest possible combination in McKinley and Roosevelt, and he believed that Bryan and Hill would stand an excelent chance of taking the Democratic rarty to victory. It is known that a large element of the Georgia delegation is favorable to Hill's candidacy, and it would not be surprising if he received the solid vote in the convention.

Maine Democrats for Carter Harrison as

Bryan's Mate. PORTLAND, Me., June 26 - The Hon, Melvin P. Frank of Portland, speaking for the Maine delegation to the Democratic National Convention, said to-night that he considered Carter Harrison of Chicago the most likely candidate for Vice-President. He said that David B. Hill was so bitter an opponent of the Bryan ticket four years ago that the West could hardly be expected to support him, though he strong in New York.

Shop Girl Who Repudiated Her Mother Sorry. Florence Standliff of 7 West 102d street, the seventeen-year-old shop girl who, when she appeared in court on Sunday, charged appeared in court on Sunday, charged by her mother with being wayward, said she had "grave doubts" as to whether Mrs. Stancilf was her mother, appeared before Magistrate Hogan yesterday and said she realized that she had made a great mistake. Magistrate Hogan warned her not to repeat it and let her go. She has been reading cheap novels.

OBITUARY.

Dr. George S. Ward of 969 Broad street, Newark, died on Monday in his seventy-third year. He was one of the best-known physicians in Newark and had practised there for fifty years. Dr. Ward was born in Bloomfield. He was graduated from the College of Physi-cians and Surgeons in New York city in 1849. cians and Surgeons in New York city in 1849.

Henry White who had been the publisher of Frank Leslie's publications for twenty years and of the Hour for four years, died on Monday at his home. 361 Greene avenue, Brooklyn, in his eighty-second year. He was born in Ireland, and emisrated to Canada in 1840, where he was engaged in the insurance business for several years.

Miss Pauline L. Loss, principal for thirty years of Primary School 144, formerly 42, died on Monday from anæmia at her residence. 58 West Eighty-fourth street. She was appointed teacher in 1851. She was born in New York and was the daughter of the late Adolphus Loss.

one Man Saved

From a wreck will attract the world's attention to the life-saver. Yet let the life-saving be continued every day, and very soon it attracts no public attention. If the scene of the saving of one life by that life-saving remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, could be made to stand out alone, like a picture on a screen, it would attract the notice of the whole nation. By a curicular contradiction If the scene of the saving of one life

the very frequency with which the "Discovery" saves life, robs the fact of general interest. For obstinate coughs, bronchitis, weak lungs, and ther discovery robs the general interA. For obstinate toughs, bronchitis, weak lungs, and other diseases of the respiratory organs, "Golden bledded Discovthe one offers certain help, and almost certain cure. It contains neither alcohol

nor narcotics.

"Only for Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I think I would be in my grave to-day," writes Mr. Moses Miles, of Milliard, Unita Co., Wyoming, "I had asthma so bad I could not sleep and was compelled to give up work. It affected my lungs so that I coughed all the time, both day and night. My friends all thought I had consumption. My wife insisted on my trying 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have taken four bottles and am now a well man, weighing 185 pounds—thanks to Dr. Pierce."

The Paperla's Common Songe Medical

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. Address Dr. 2. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. HILL FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

RESOLUTION INSTRUCTING ARKANSAS DELEGATES FOR HIM.

The Resolution Referred to a Committee-Greeted With Cheers-Former Gov. Clarke Defeats Chairman Jones in Clarke's Effort to Become a National Committeeman LITTLE ROCK. Ark., June 26.-Arkan as' meeratic convention met in this city to-day and cominated the following State ticket: Governor, Jefferson Davis; Secretary of State W. Crockett; Attorney-General, George W. Murray; Treasurer, Thomas E. Little; Super-intendent of Public Instruction, J. J. Doyne; State Land Commis ioner, J. W. Colquitt; Commissioner of Mi es, Manufactures and Agri-

made unanimously. For Auditor there were two candidates, T. C. Monroe and R. W. McFarlane. The ballot showed McFarlane to have 255 cut of 503 and Monroe, 248, 252 being necessary to choice. Mississippi county voted her 7 for McFarlane When this was known there was a sensation, for Monroe carried the county by several hundred majority. A proxy from that county had east the vote for McFarlane, though one of the delegates had sent a telegram to Justice Reddick of the Surreme Court appointing him proxy to cast the vote of the county for Mon-There were cri s of fraud and it was said that the written proxy was forged. While the matter was being investigated a motion to adjourn until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning prevailed.

culture. Frank Hill. All the nominations were

Journ until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning prevailed.

Congressman T. C. McRae is chairman of the Platform Committee which will report to-morrow. The platform will be in line with previous ones, declaring against trusts and for free silver. Judge Evans of Logan county is chairman of the convention. The national committeeman will be ex-tiov. James P. Clarke who had been opposed by Chairman Evans, The four delegates-at-large to the National Convention will probably be James K. Jones, James H. Berry, Jefferson Davis and James P. Clarke.

Convention will probably be James K. Jones, James H. Berry, Jefferson Davis and James P. Clarke.

The following resolution was presented by Charl's J. Farker and referred to the committee without debate, being greeted with cheers:

"Whereas, The Democracy of Arkansas in convention assembled, feeling the need of and seeing the absolute necessity of union and undivided ranks in the rext Presidential election, do hereby piedge our support and loyalty, and our fealty to the cause that will best promote and subserve the best interest of the party and the ultimate victory of our peerle-s leader. William J. Bryan. To ac omplish this result we feel it ne-ressary, for party harmony and success, to look to the East for a cand date for Vice-President, thereby solidifying the East, South and West, and presenting a solid front to the enemy. Therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Democracy of Arkansas hereby instructs the delegates to the Kansas City Convention to east the vote of the State for David B. Hill of New York for Vice-President."

SMITH AS BRYAN'S RUNNING MATE. Maryland Democrats to Boom Their Governor for Second Place on the Ticket.

BALTIMORE, June 26 .- The Maryland delegation is now preparing a John Walter Smith beom for the Vice-Presidency, which they will present at the Kansas City Convention. Chairman Murray Vandiver admitted to-day that Gov. Smith's name would probably be presented to the convention for the Vice-Presidential nomination. He thinks that the nomination of the Governor would do much to restore confidence among Eastern Democrats, that it would be a wise selection and not at all outside of the pale of possibilities that he should receive it. "We shall probably present Gov. Smith's PRETTILY DECORATED

name," said Mr. Vandiver. "At any rate, we shall certainly urge his availability as a running mate to Bryan. We believe from all that we have heard that even the most ardent of the Bryan and free silver advocates are anxious that something should be done to propitiate the Eastern conservative voters. We

pitiate the Eastern conservative voters. We know of no better way to do this than by coupling to Mr. Bryan a conservative Eastern Democrat. Everything that Mr. Bryan himself has said has pointed to the fact that he believes something decided should be done to enlarge the Democratic vote.

"Gov. Smith has just redeemed Maryland from the Republicans. He is a Democrat who has never been beaten at the polis. He has never decried either Bryan or free silver in public, though he is known to have conservative views on the financial question. He is known throughout the East as a man with large business connections, and his nomination would make a certainty of Maryland, beyond having considerable strength all over the country.

"Maryland is one of those border States with naturally Democratic tendencies, all of which voted against Bryan in 1896. It is lost ground which the Democratic party will have to make up if they expect to carry the country. We are not going to make an undignified campaign for Gov. Smith, but we do believe that in him we have the solution of the question, and we will do our best to quietly put this before the delegates in the light in which we see it."

JUDGE WERNER IN DOUBT

Not Certain What He Would Say if Named for Governor by the Republicans. ROCHESTER, June 26.—The announcement in THE SUN of the up-State tendency toward

making Judge Werner of the Court of Appeals the Republican candidate for Governor has been widely commented on here. The Demorat and Chronicle, Republican, urges the nomnation in to-day's issue. The Post-Express, also Republican, says this afternoon that Judge Werner would be an excellent candidate, but refers to the sacrifice which he would be called aron to make in abandoning his judicial career. Judge Werner, in conversation with THE SUN correspondent to-day, said that if the nomination were effered to him to-day, although he has received no official notice that he is being

has received no official notice that he is being considered, he would hesitate about what to do. Judge Werner's aspirations have always been in the judicial line and a change to active politics would be something new to him. He believes that the candidate has already been selected.

Judge Werner is not a wealthy man and there is no doubt that his candidacy would be a great financial sacrifice for him. Still he is looked upon in this part of the State as one of the strongest possible candidates. As a Supreme Court Justice he is assured of a salary of \$7,200 at a year for some years to come, while his designation as an Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals at \$15,000 at year puts him in line for a nomination to that tribunal when a vacancy occurs. Under the Constitution he would be compelled to resign if he accepted the nomination for Governor.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS AT OUTS. Gold Men and Free Silver Men to Go to Kansas City on Separate Trains.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 26 .- The candidacy of Mayor Taggart of this city for National Committeeman and the certainty that if he succeeds he will be a candidate for the National Chairmanship, has caused a big split between the conservative Democrats, who are supporting Taggart, and the Free Silver men, who are apporting John G. Shanklin of Evansville, The feeling has become so pronounced that the two factions have made arrangements that the two factions have made arrangements to go to the Kansas City Convention in separate special trains. The Free Silver men say that the supporters of Taggart are trying to turn the party over to the "gold bug interest" and that the selection of Taggart for National Committeeman means that the campaign in this State will be directed in his personal interest rather than the advancement of the Free Silver cause.

cause.
With the Free Silver wing are the Free Silver With the Free Silver wing are the Free Silver Republicans who are also going to Kansas City and will make a fight against the Indianapolis Mayor. It had been arranged for the full Indiana contingent to go on one train, but the Free Silver men have made other arrangements and will go by a different route. Chairman Marth and members of the Democratic State Committee lead the conservatives.

Texas Asked to Aid the Shively Boom.

DALLAS, Tex., June 26 .- Oscar Turner, Congressman from the Fifth Kentucky district. pent the day in Dallas consulting with Congressman J. W. Bailey. The question of the proper man to nominate for Vice-President at Kansas Civ is a paramount political topic with Mr. Terner. He and Kentucky Democrats generally favor Shively of Indiana. The assistance of the Texas delegation to Kansas City is desired in the interest of Shively.

Mayor McGuire Heads the Delegation. SYRACUSE, June 26.—The Onondago delegation to the Democratic National Convention will be different from that decided upon at the State Convention. John Dunfee, who was to have headed the delegation, will not attend. Consecurity Mayor McGuire will be chairman of the delegation. **BEST&CO**

Children's Bathing Suits

Of the best make and finish-in the largest range of styles and sizes. The following are a few examples:

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' ONF-PIECE SUITS, navy blue flannel, trimmed with white braid, sizes 4 to 12 yrs., \$r.15; sizes 13 to 14 yrs., \$1.25.

ONE-PIECE SUITS, of white flannel, sailor collar, vest and belt trimmed with red serge, sizes 2 to 10

BOYS' ONE PIECE SUITS, made of cotton jersey, striped with white, The same, made of navy blue worsted jersey, sizes 4 to 10 yrs.,

\$1.65.

BOYS' SWIMMING SUITS, of striped worsted jersey in many com-binations of colors, sizes 12, 14 & 16 yrs., \$2.85. Larger sizes, 34 to 38 breast, \$3.50.

MISSES' NEWPORT SERGE SUITS, black with white or red collars, finished with contrasting colors, sizes 10 to 16 yrs., \$2.85. Larger sizes, 32 to 36 bust, \$4.25.

Improved Swimming Jackets, Bathing Caps, Bathing Slippers and Swim-ming Tights.

60-62 West 23d St

Special Sale This Week. 200 JAPANESE

Color Prints. illustrating Ancient Dramatic Plays, in exquisite colorings,

15 cents each, value 25 cents.

Fans, 15 cents each, value 25 cts. and 50 cts. JAPANESE CARVED

Tops, 2 for 5 cents. JAPANESE

Water-Flowers. Novelties for Finger Bowls. Papers and Brushes AT REDUCED PRICES.

Tozo Takayanagi, 12 East Sixteenth Street,

Between Broadway and Fifth Ave. PASSION FOR HORSES RUINED HIM So Says Bookkeeper Harris Who Confesse

Forging his Employer's Name. Arthur Harris, a bookkeeper, was arrested yesterday by Detective Sergeant Dunn in the office of his employer, George A. Freeman. architect, at 27 East Twentieth street, on a architect, at 27 East Twentieth street, on a charge of forging Mr. Freeran's name to a note for \$200 drawn on the Bank of New Amsterdam. In the Jefferson Market police court he pleaded guilty and was held for trial.

When bail was asked for a representative of the bank requested the Migistrate to make the amount as igh as possible, because the extent of the prisoner's trefts was much larger than was made apparent by the specific charge entered agains him, Harris, in the last three months, the bank's representative said, had forged and cashed a score of notes representing a total sum of \$4000. Bail was fixed at \$2.500. Itarris, who is 33 years old, is a member of the Road Drivers' Association. He told a Sun reporter that his passion for horses had been the chief cause of his fall.

Baptists Ministers Form a Union. The Baptist ministers of Long Island have formed an organization under the name of the Baptist Ministers' Union of Long Island. Meet-Bartist Ministers' Union of Long Island. Meetings will be held on the third Monday of each month. The officers are the Rev. D. S. Gifford Nelson, President: the Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, Vice-President; the Rev. Dr. R. B. Hull, Treasurer; the Rev. Cherles J. Keevil Clerk, and the Rev. Drs. W. T. Dixon, W. C. E. Rhoades and John Humpstone, Executive Committee.

Drowned Diving Off a North River Pier. Fourteen-year-old Edward Finnerty of 93 Horatio street, though a good swimmer, was drowned yesterday while bothing in the North River at the foot of Bioomfleid street. He dived of the string piece and didn't come to the surface alive. It is suppose i that he struck a sunken pile and was stunned. His body was recovered a few hours later and taken home.

DOUBTERS

Can Be Changed by Knowledge. If there is any doubt about making brain power by the use of certain food, the doubter hould make the following experiment. Helen Frances Huntington of Gainesville, Ga., says: "Just a word of commendation concerning Grape-Nuts which I have found to be the most wholesome, nourishing and appetizing

food that has ever come to my knowledge. "I am not a dyspeptic, but being constantly engaged in severe brain work I found that I did not thrive on ordinary diet; even a moderate dinner dulled my brain so as to be practically incapable of critical work. I tried meattically in a pable of critical work. I tried meatjuice, peptonoids, the two meal system of light
breasfast and no supper which brought on
nervous depletion and sleeplessness, so I resorted to one and another of the various healthfrods which all seemed alike tasteless and
valueless as a brain food, until quite by chance,
I had a dish of Grape-Nuts food served as dessert. I liked it so well that I began to use it
daily, for supper four teaspoonsful in a saucer
of hot milk, eaten before it dissolves to mushiness. iness.
"This point should be remembered as, after a

"This point should be remembered as after a certain time, evaporation seems to affect the aweet nutry flavor of the food as in the case of certain fine-flavored fruits.

"The result in my case was simply astonishing. I had no desire whatever for sweet pastrys, meats, or in act anyoning else and my brain was as clear and active at night as on awaking from a long, refreshing sleep.

"The requilar advantage about Grape-Nuts feed is that it supplies the nutritive qualities of a verient determine recomment its use to all brain workers if net as an exclusive diet, certainly for the last meal of the day. I always take it with me when travelling, which saves a deal of annoyance and discomfort."—As.